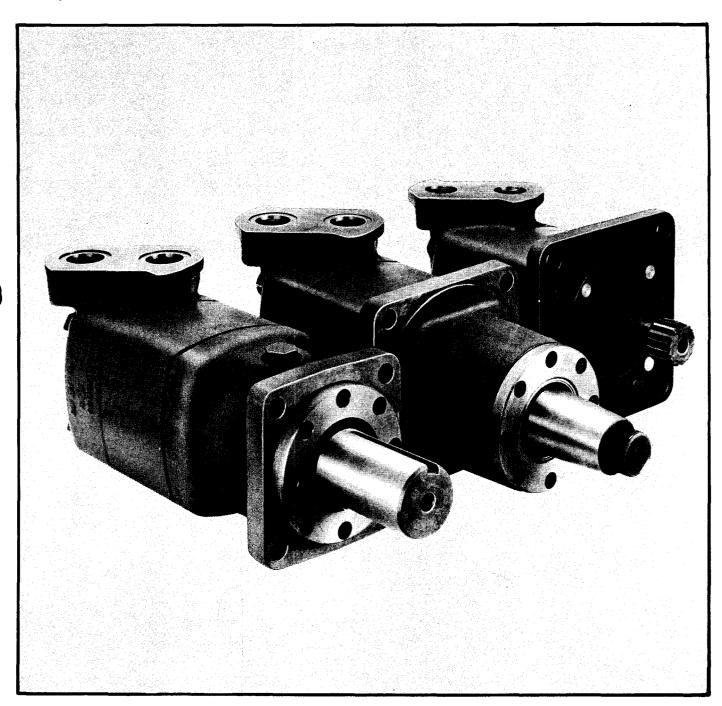
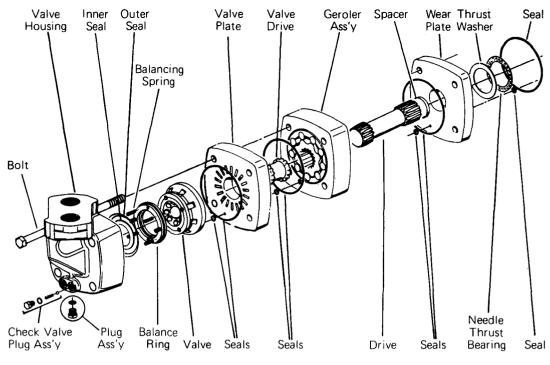
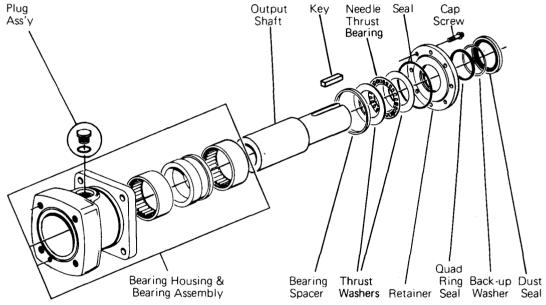
Char-Lynn® Repair Manual 10,000 Series Motors

002 003









See pages 10 and 11 for wheel motor and bearingless motor repair information.

Tools required for disassembly and reassembly are

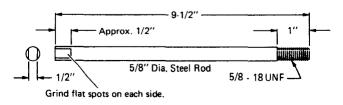
- Torque wrench (1200 in, lb. or 100 ft. lb. capacity)
- 1", 15/16", 1/2" and 5/16" sockets

- 12" 16" breaker bar
- Small screwdriver (6" 8" long, 1/4" blade)
- Plastic or rubber hammer

The following tools are not necessary for disassembly and reassembly, but are extremely helpful.

- Seal sleeve or bullet
- Alignment studs (2) if required*
- * Motors with tie bolts and original studs not available.

Alignment studs (2)



Disassembly

Disassembly

Cleanliness is extremely important when repairing a hydraulic motor. Work in a clean area. Before disconnecting the lines, clean the port area of the motor thoroughly. Use a wire brush to remove foreign material and debris from the exterior joints of the motor. Check the shaft and keyway, remove all nicks, burrs, or sharp edges that might damage the shaft seals when installing the retainer over the shaft. Before starting the disassembly procedures, drain the oil from inside the motor.

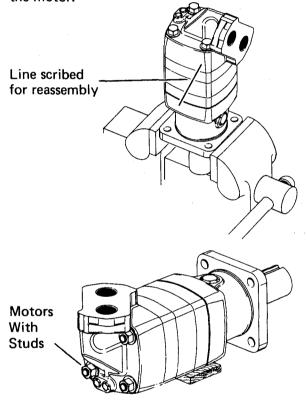


Figure 1

1 Place the motor in a vise with the output shaft down, or place the motor (earlier models with studs) on a smooth, clean, flat surface; use a piece of wood under the center section of the motor to raise the valve housing end of the motor off the surface of your work area, see Fig. 1, for these preparations.

Note: It may be helpful for reassembly to scribe a line across the length of the motor.

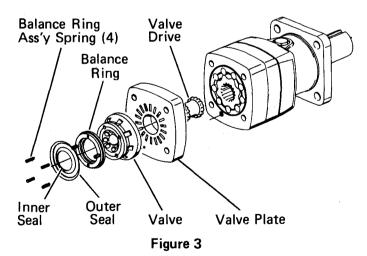
Although not all drawings show the motor in a vise, we recommend that you keep the motor in the vise during disassembly and reassembly. Follow the clamping procedures explained throughout the manual.

4



Figure 2

- 2 Remove 4 bolts (or nuts and washers for earlier models) from motor. Remove studs (earlier models) per step 17.
- 3 Carefully lift the valve housing straight off. If this is done carefully, the springs and balance ring assembly will remain on the valve for easy removal.
- 4 Remove 2 check valve plug assemblies (plugs, springs, and steel balls) from valve housing.
- 5 Place valve housing on bench with open end up, then carefully remove 4-1/4"I.D. seal, and 3/8" I.D. seal.



- 6 Remove 4 balance ring assembly springs.
- 7 Remove balance ring assembly.
- 8 Remove inner and outer seals from balance ring.

Disassembly

- 9 Remove valve.
- 10 Remove valve plate.
- 11 Remove valve drive.

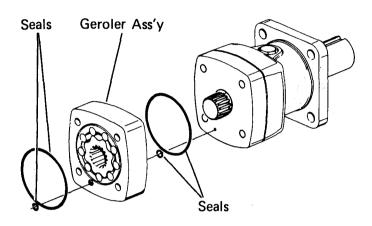


Figure 4

- 12 Remove Geroler. Retain rollers in Geroler assembly.
- 13 Remove 3/8" I.D. seals, and 4-1/4" I.D. seals from the Geroler, 2 seals on each side of the Geroler.

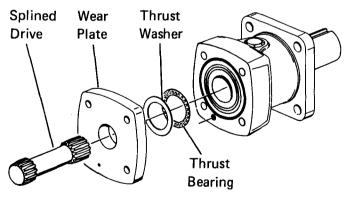


Figure 5

- 14 Remove splined drive from bearing housing.
- 15 Remove wear plate.
- 16 Remove thrust bearing and thrust washer from wear plate.

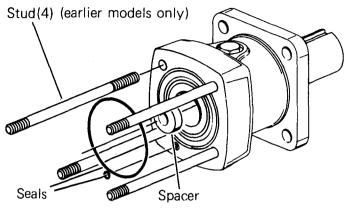
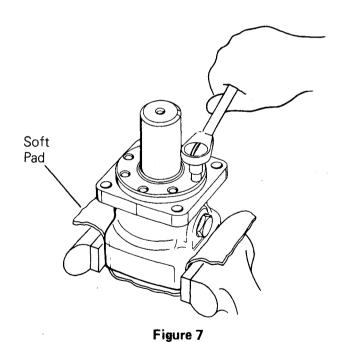


Figure 6

- 17 Use a stud remover or vise grips to remove studs (earlier models only) see Fig. 6.
- 18 Remove 3/8" I.D. seal, and 4-1/4" I.D. seal from bearing housing.
- 19 Remove spacer from inside output shaft.



20 Place bearing housing in vise, as shown in Figure 7. Loosen 8 cap screws (5/16") in retainer.

Disassembly

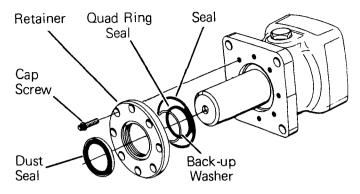


Figure 8

- 21 Place bearing housing on a clean, flat surface. Remove 8 cap screws and retainer.
- 22 Remove quad-ring seal, back-up washer, o-ring seal, and dust seal from retainer. Use a small screw-driver to remove the dust seal. Do not damage bore of retainer.

6

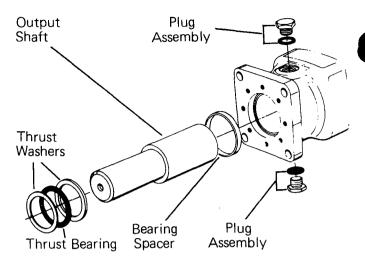


Figure 9

- 23 Remove output shaft.
- 24 Remove 2 thrust washers and thrust bearing from the output shaft.
- 25 Remove bearing spacer.
- 26 Remove 2 plug assemblies (1") from the bearing housing.

Note: The bearing housing and bearings inside the housing are not sold separately. These bearings are hydraulicly pressed into the bearing housing.

Reassembly

Reassembly

Check all mating surfaces. Replace any parts that have scratches or burrs that could cause leakage. Clean all metal parts in clean solvent. Blow dry with air. Do not wipe with a cloth or paper towel because lint or other matter can get into the hydraulic system and cause damage. Do not use coarse grit or try to file these parts. Check around the keyway and chamfered area of the shaft for burrs nicks or sharp edges that can damage the seals when reassembling the retainer.

Note: Lubricate all seals with petroleum jelly such as Vaseline. Refer to the parts list (6-119) for replacement parts and proper seal kit number.

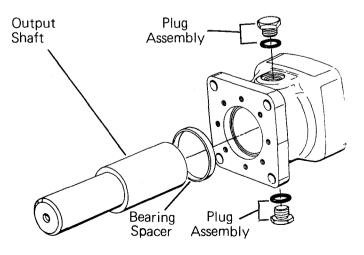


Figure 10

- Place bearing housing on a smooth, flat surface, Install 2 plug assemblies, see Figure 10.
- 2 Install bearing spacer in bearing housing.
- 3 Install output shaft. Rotate shaft while instaling in bearing housing.

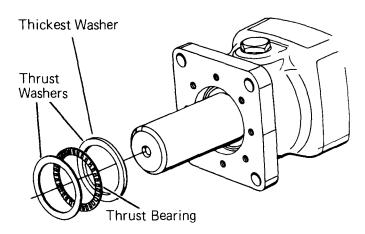


Figure 11

Install 2 thrust washers and thrust bearing. Install thrust bearing between the 2 thrust washers, thickest washer over shaft first, see Figure 11.

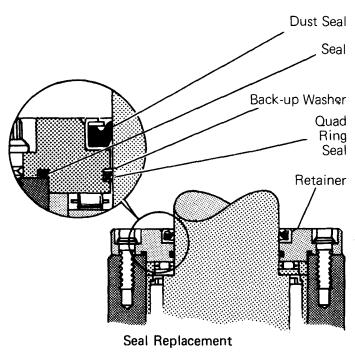
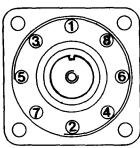


Figure 12

Use a small press, if available, to install dust seal in retainer. Metal side of dust seal must face toward retainer, as shown in Figure 12. If a press isn't available, use a plastic or rubber hammer to tap dust seal in place.

- Install back-up washer, quad ring seal, and 3-1/2" I.D. seal in the retainer. Apply petroleum jelly to inside diameter of dust seal and quad ring seal.
- Before installing retainer, place a protective sleeve or bullet, if available, over shaft. To prevent damage to seals, install retainer over shaft with a twisting motion. Do not cut or distort retainer seals. Damage to these seals will cause external leak-



Torquing Sequence

Figure 13

- Lubricate threads of 8 cap screws with a light film of oil. Install and finger tighten screws. Place unit in a vise, as shown in Figure 7. Tighten cap screws to 192 inch pounds of torque--in the sequence shown in Figure 13.
- 9 Install key (when used) in key slot of shaft.
- Reposition motor in vise, clamp housing flange, as shown in Figure 1.
- 11 Pour a small amount of hydraulic oil inside output shaft.

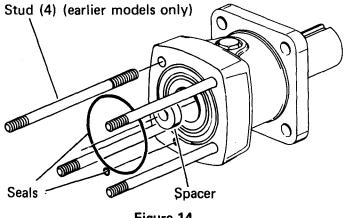


Figure 14

12 Install spacer in output shaft, guide spacer with a pencil.

- 13 Apply petroleum jelly to 4-1/4" I.D. seal, and install in seal groove of the bearing housing see Fig. 14.
- 14 Apply petroleum jelly to 3/8" I.D. seal. Install seal in case drain groove of bearing housing.
- 15 Install 2 studs (earlier models), diagonally opposed, in bolt holes of bearing housing, see Fig. 15. If you replace studs with bolts, use 2 studs for alignment purposes when stacking parts.

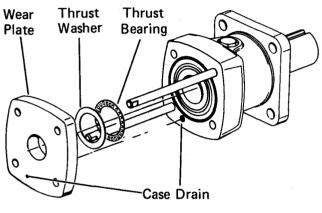


Figure 15

- 16 Install thrust washer and thrust bearing in wear plate—washer first, see Fig. 15. A light film of lubricant on the washer and bearing will help hold them in place.
- 17 Align case drain hole in wear plate with case drain hole in bearing housing. Install wear plate flush against bearing housing, see Fig. 15.

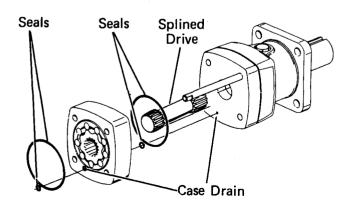


Figure 16

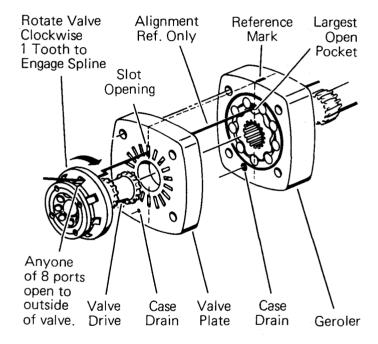
8

- 18 Install splined drive in output shaft. For 20 cubic inch displacement motor insert longer splined end of drive first, see Fig. 16.
- 19 Apply petroleum jelly on 2 seals 3/8" I.D. and 2 seals 4-1/4" I.D. Install them in the seal grooves of the Geroler, see Fig. 16, (one of each seal on both sides of the Geroler).

Note: Installation at this point involves 3 steps in the timing of the motor. Timing determines the direction of rotation of the output shaft.

The timing parts include

- 1. Geroler
- 3. Valve Plate
- 2. Valve Drive
- 4. Valve



Timing Alignment Figure 17

Timing Step # 1—Locate the largest open pocket in the Geroler and mark it on the outside edge of the Geroler, See Fig. 17.

- 20 Align case drain hole in Geroler with case drain hole in wear plate. Install Geroler on wear plate, see Fig. 16. Be sure to retain rollers in Geroler assembly.
- 21 Install valve drive in Geroler.
- 22 Align case drain hole in valve plate with case drain hole in Geroler. Install valve plate flush against Geroler, see Fig. 17.

Timing Step # 2—Locate the slot opening in the valve plate which is in line with the largest open pocket of the Geroler. See Fig. 17.

23 Use the following procedure for installing the valve on the valve plate.

Timing Step # 3—Locate any one of the side openings of the valve that goes through to the face of the valve. Line up this side opening with the open slot of the valve plate that is in line with the largest open pocket of the Geroler. Rotate the valve clockwise until the spline teeth engage (1 spline tooth), see Fig. 17. This will provide the rotation shown when pressurized as shown, see Fig. 18.

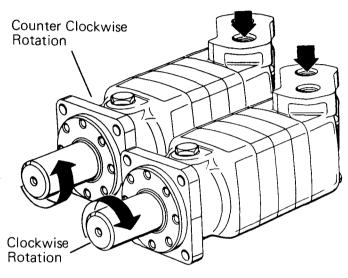


Figure 18

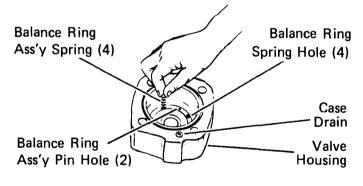
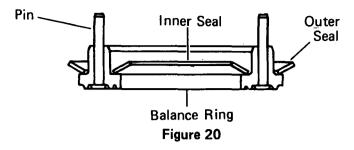


Figure 19

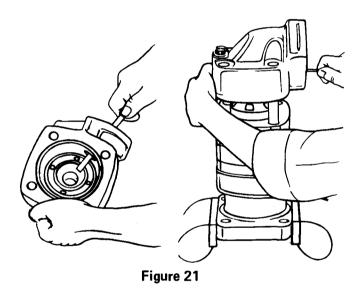
- 24 Apply grease to 4 balance ring assembly springs. Install springs in 4 holes located inside bore face of valve housing, see Fig. 19.
- 25 Apply a light film of petroleum jelly to 3/8" I.D. seal. Install seal in case drain groove of valve housing.
- 26 Apply a light film of petroleum jelly to 4-1/4" I.D. seal. Install seal in outside seal groove of the valve housing.



27 Apply petroleum jelly to inner and outer face seals. Install them on balance ring as shown in Fig. 20.

<u>Important:</u> Install these face seals in the positions shown or the motor will not operate properly. Do not force or bend these face seals. Any damage to these seals will affect the operation of the motor.

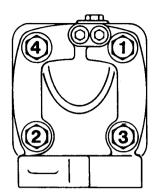
28 Align 2 pins in balancing ring assembly with 2 holes in valve housing as shown in Fig. 19. Install the balancing ring assembly in the valve housing.



29 Insert a flat brass rod, or similar flat tool, through port of valve housing to hold balance ring assembly in position until you install valve housing. Align case drain hole in valve housing with case drain hole in valve plate. Install valve housing against valve plate, see Fig. 21. Remove brass rod as balance ring contacts the valve.

Note: After installing valve housing on valve plate, check for proper placement. Push down on the valve housing. You should get a slight spring action.

Note: After installing valve housing on valve plate, visually check between body parts of motor for unseated seals.



Bolt Torquing Sequence Figure 22

30 Install and finger tighten 2 bolts (or studs for earlier models) opposite alignment studs. Remove alignment studs and install remaining bolts (or studs, 4 washers, and 4 nuts for earlier models). Torque bolts (or nuts) to 90 - 100 foot pounds, in sequence, see Fig. 22.

31 Install 2 check balls in valve housing, one ball in each hole. To seat check balls, (on new valve housings only), tap lightly on ball with a punch, using a plastic (or rubber) hammer.

10

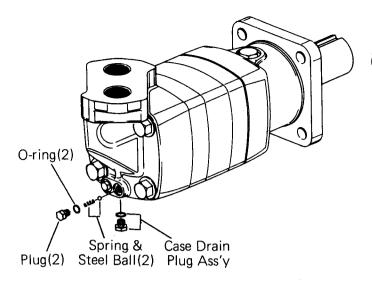


Figure 23

- 32 Install 2 springs in check valve holes, one spring in each hole. Install o-rings on plugs, then install plugs.
- 33 Install case drain plug assembly.

Wheel Motor

On wheel motors, a different bearing housing is used, see Fig.24. Other than this the parts are the same as the standard motor and the same disassembly and reassembly procedures apply.

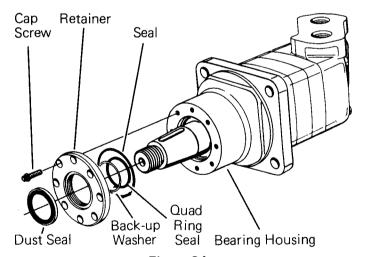


Figure 24 Seal Mounting Pipe Seal Flange Plug

Figure 25

Bearingless Motor

This motor is the same as the standard motor without the shaft/bearing assembly, retainer, and bearing housing (mounting flange replaces the bearing housing--see Fig. 25. Also, a thrust washer and needle thrust bearing are not required in the wear plate for this bearingless motor.

Follow the same disassembly and reassembly procedures as rear section of standard motor.

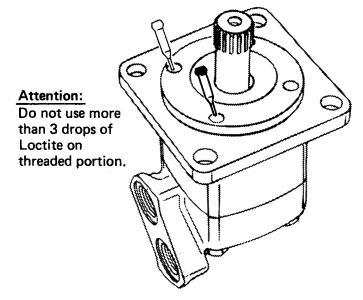
Important: Loctite information for bearingless motor on page 11.

Important: This motor requires Loctite in threaded holes of mounting flange.

Follow these procedures:

Adequate Loctite penetration and sealing depend highly on cleanliness and dryness of threads. Use a non-petroleum base solvent to clean excess oil from threads of flange after disassembly. You may need to use a tap to clean threads of excess old Loctite. Then, after you've fully reassembled the motor, apply 2 to 3 drops of Loctite no. 290 at top of threaded holes--see example.

Note: Allow Loctite 5 minutes for thread penetration before installing motor on gear case.

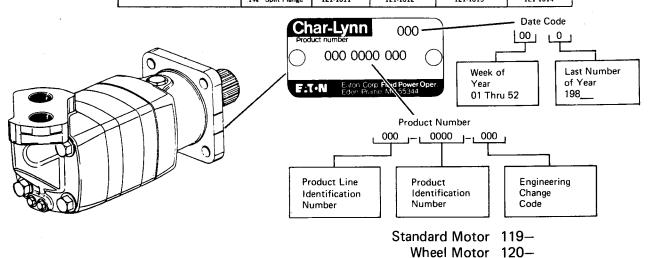


Each Order Must Include the Following Information

- 1. Product Number
- 3. Part Name
- 2. Date Code
- 4. Part Number
- 5. Quantity of Parts

Refer to parts list 6-119 for replacement parts and seal kits.

Type of Motor	Type of Shaft	Port Connectors	Displacement (cu. in./rev.) and Product Number			
			20.65	29.22	40.55	57.36
Standard	Straight	1%" Threaded	119-1028	119-1029	119-1030	119-1031
		1¼" Split Flange	119-1040	119-1041	119-1042	119-1043
	Splined	1%" Threaded	119-1032	119-1033	119-1034	119-1035
		1¼" Split Flange	119-1044	119-1045	119-1046	119-1047
	Tapered	1%₁" Threaded	119-1036	119-1037	119-1038	119-1039
		1¼" Split Flange	119-1048	119-1049	119-1050	119-1051
Wheel	Straight	1%," Threaded	120-1005	120-1006	120-1007	120-1008
		1¼" Split Flange	120-1017	120-1018	120-1019	120-1020
	Splined	1%" Threaded	120-1009	120-1010	120-1011	120-1012
		1¼" Split Flange	120-1021	120-1022	120-1023	120-1024
	Tapered	1%," Threaded	120-1013	120-1014	120-1015	120-1016
		1¼" Split Flange	120-1025	120-1026	120-1027	120-1028
Bearingless		1% Threaded	121-1007	121-1008	121-1009	121-1010
		1¼" Split Flange	121-1011	121-1012	121-1013	121-1014



Eaton Corporation Fluid Power Operations Hydraulics Division 15151 Highway 5 Eden Prairie, MN 55344 Telephone (612) 937-9800

Bearingless Motor 121-

